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Florence, May 13. *N. S.*

THE Great Duke is expected to return with his Court to this Place, from Piſa and Leghorn, on the 15th Inſtant. Letters from Leghorn of yeſterday ſay, that the Royal Galley is arrived at that Port from London. Advices from Rome of the 10th ſay, that the General of the Dominicans had thanked the Pope for the Decree lately made for the Canonization of Pope Pius the Fifth. The Differences concerning the Ceremonial of Prince Avellino, Ambaſſador-Extraordinary from his Catholick Majeſty King Charles III. are adjuſted, and he will ſpeedily make his Publick Entry, and be received with that Character by his Holineſs. His Excellency is to ſignify his Arrival to the College of Cardinals on the Day of his Entry, who are, immediately after ſuch Notice, to ſend their Coaches and Gentlemen to attend him. Signior Mattei is appointed to be the Pope's Nuncio at Venice, and will be ſent thither as ſoon as the Differences between that Republick and the Court of Rome are determined. In the laſt Conſiſtory the Pope having given Audience to ſeveral Cardinals, made a long Harangue concerning the preſent ſituation of Affairs in Poland; after which he propoſed ſeveral Biſhopricks to be diſpoſed of, according to the Nomination of King Auguſtus. The ſame Day, being the Feſtival of St. Staniſlaus, the Pope made a Viſit to the Church of the Poliſh Nation, and ordered the Arms of King Auguſtus to be ſet up therein. After the Service was ended, the Queen Dowager of Poland had a ſhort Conference with his Holineſs. Her Majeſty hath deſired to be convoyed to France in one of the Pope's Galleys, but as yet no Anſwer hath been returned to her Requeſt. Theſe Letters add, that the Pope had ſignified to the College of Cardinals his Deſign of removing to Caſtel-Gandolfo; and that all things were in readineſs for his ſpeedy Journey thither. We hear from Naples, by Letters of the 6th Inſtant, that in order to make good the Funds granted to his Catholick Majeſty for the Military Service, it had been reſolved to augment the Duties laid on Salt, Silk, and other Merchandizes imported into that Kingdom; that ſeveral Perſons, as well Secular as Religious, had been Impriſoned for holding a Correſpondence with the Sicilians, and promoting divers Practices very prejudicial to his Catholick Majeſty. Theſe Letters add, that they have received Advices from Sardinia, that all Commotions in that Iſland were entirely ſuppreſſed; and that they were fitting out a Fleet for an Expedition on Sicily. Great Stores of Ammunition have been lately ſent thither from Naples; from whence alſo a large Convoy of Proviſions, with Horſes for the diſmounted Troopers, are ready to ſail for Barcelona.

Vienna, May 17. *N. S.* The Emperor goes daily to Laxenburg for the Diverſion of Hunting, and returns hither every Night. Towards the latter end of this Month the whole Court will remove to the New-Favourite, as it is uſual at this Seaſon of the Year. Monſieur Albani, the Pope's Nephew, continues his Inſtances with great application at this Court for the Reſtitution of Commachio, and is not without ſome hopes of ſucceeding. Monſieur Piazza, the Nuncio in Ordinary to his Imperial Majeſty, is preparing to make his Publick Entry in a few Days. Upon the many Repreſentations made by the Miniſters here againſt Count Velo, the King of Denmark has thought fit to recal him; and he has already received Orders to deſiſt from any further Sollicitation for his remaining at this Court with a publick Character. Monſieur Wybourg is ſoon expected from Copenhagen, to reaſſume his former Station of Envoy-Extraordinary. General Steinville is gone for Tranſilvania, to take upon him the Government of that Principality, accompanied with young Count Raburin, and ſeveral other Officers. Prince Emanuel of Soiſſons ſets out to Morrow for Munich, to join his Regiment, and is to go from thence to the Army upon the Upper Rhine. Lieutenant-General d'Arnan and Count Veln will likewiſe ſet out from hence on Monday; the firſt for the Army upon the Rhine, and the other for Flanders. We are adviſed from Hungary, that Marſhal Heiſter being arrived at Tirnaw, had ordered ſome Regiments to advance near Neuhauſel to ſtreighten that Place, and hinder the Excurſions of the Garriſon. That General is this Day arrived from Hungary, but he will ſpeedily return to the Command of the Imperial Army. Count Jerger, Colonel of a Regiment in the Emperor's Service in Catalonia, is gone from hence with ſome Diſpatches for Marſhal Staremberg.

Potſdam, May 24. *N. S.* It is believed their Majeſties, the Prince and Princeſs-Royal, and the whole Court, will prolong their ſtay in this Place; for his Majeſty receives great benefit by the Waters which he Drinks in the Morning, and by the Exerciſe of Hern-Hawking, which is his conſtant Diverſion in the Afternoon. Mr. Whitworth, the Britiſh Ambaſſador to the Czar of Muſcovy, arrived at Berlin on the 22d, and is expected here this Day. General Goltz hath written to this Court, complaining of the ſevere Treatment he receives from Prince Menzikoff, and deſiring his Pruſſian Majeſty to intercede for his Liberty. He alledges, that he is ſtill under the King's Protection, as having a Commiſſion from his Majeſty, from which he was never Diſcharged, and alſo enjoying an Eſtate in the Electorate of Brandenburg: It is therefore reſolved to write to the Czar and Prince Menzikoff in his behalf. Letters from Warſaw of the 17th Inſtant ſay, that King Auguſtus deſigned to begin his Journey within eight Days for Marienburg in Pruſſia; and that the Siege of Wybourg was carried on with great Vigour. Theſe Letters mention a report, that the Grand Signior being diſſatisfied with the late Negotiations with the Muſcovites, had ordered the Grand Vizier to be ſtrangled for prolonging the Truce between the Turkiſh and Ruſſian Empires; that they alſo pretend the Czar hath not executed his part of the Truce, ſince his Majeſty hath not ſet at Liberty all the Swediſh Priſoners, as well thoſe taken at the Battel o Pultowa, as thoſe who retired from the King of Sweden at Bender; which, though not mentioned, they ſay was intended in that Treaty; and that therefore the Ottoman Court ſhould not think themſelves obliged to perform their Articles, but were reſolved to break the Truce, and favour the King of Sweden.

Dover, May 19. This Day arrived the Greyhound Packet-boat, Captain Richard Laycock Commander, from Oſtend, with a Mail from Flanders. In his Paſſage he met with two French Privateers of forty Men each, and fought them four Hours, wherein two of the Enemy were killed, three wounded, and their Veſſels ſo diſabled, that